Revised (Non-Semester) Regulations

## Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY O. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

#### I. Essay Questions:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- 1. Describe the growth chart, uses of growth chart, in paediatric clinic and causes of growth failure.
- 2. What are the causes of proportionate dwarfism.

  Describe the features of endemic goitre investigations and treatment for the same.

#### II. Write Short notes on:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- 1. Genetic Counselling.
- 2. Non Nutritional rickets.
- 3. Causes of convulsions in newborn period.
- 4. Causes of lactation failure.
- 5. Kangaroo mother care.
- 6. Breath holding spells.
- 7. Radiological assessment of age.
- 8. Peripheral smear in thalassemia.
- 9. Components of TOF.
- 10. Components of kartazenar's syndrome.

#### **III. Short Answer Questions:**

- 1. Vitamin 'A' prophylaxis.
- 2. Pseudotumor cerebri causes.
- 3. Components of primary complex.
- 4. Shake test.
- 5. Causes for preventable mental retardation.
- 6. Four complications of measles.
- 7. Treatment of pertusis.
- 8. Triple test in newborn screening.
- 9. USG findings of down's syndrome antinatally.
- 10. Erythema Toxicorum.

Revised (Non-Semester) Regulations

#### Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY O. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

#### **I. Essay Questions:**

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- 1. Classify congenital heart diseases. Discuss the Hemodynamics, assessment of severity, its course and complications of ventricular septal defect.
- 2. Discuss CSF circulation.

What are the common causes of Hydrocephalus, also discuss about the diagnosis and treatment of Hydrocephalus.

#### II. Write Short notes on:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- 1. Phenobarbitone in Pediatric Practice.
- 2. Hormonal influence on growth.
- 3. Hypokalemia in children and its management.
- 4. Baby friendly Hospital initiative.
- 5. Pseudotumor Cerebri.
- 6. Non Shivering Thermogenesis.
- 7. Eradication of Poliomyelitis.
- 8. Common Metabolic Neuropathies.
- 9. Scabies.
- 10. Platelet Transfusion.

#### **III. Short Answer Questions:**

- 1. Four Preventable causes of Mental Retardation.
- 2. Four Essential Feature of Kwashiorkar.
- 3. Four Minor Physiological problems in neonate.
- 4. Four common causes of persistent diarrhea.
- 5. Four common Skin problems in Paediatrics.
- 6. Four factors that can lessen breast Milk production.
- 7. Four newer Vaccines.
- 8. Four clinical features of Acute Glomerulonephritis.
- 9. Four clinical features of Hypothyroidisim.
- 10. Four complications of Diphtheria.

Revised (Non-Semester) Regulations

## Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY O. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

#### **I. Essay Questions:**

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- 1. List the common causes of pyrexia of unknown origin in children.
  Briefly indicate the investigations for a child with prolonged fever more than two weeks.
  Discuss the specific treatment for six year old child with falciparum malaria.
- 2. Define failure to thrive in children.

List the investigations for a six month old baby with failure to thrive. Indicate how to treat a nine month old baby with failure to thrive due to faulty feeding technique.

#### II. Write Short notes on:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- 1. Differences between Kwashiorkar and marasmus.
- 2. Zinc deficiency in children.
- 3. Measles mumps rubella (MMR) vaccine.
- 4. Rheumatic fever prophylaxis.
- 5. Diagnosis of tuberculous meningitis.
- 6. Management of febrile fits.
- 7. APGAR score.
- 8. Baby friendly hospital Initiative.
- 9. Pediatric HIV infection.
- 10. Atypical pneumonia in children.

#### **III. Short Answer Questions:**

- 1. Oral rehydration therapy corner.
- 2. Peripheral smear in iron deficiency anemia.
- 3. Stepwise management of bronchial asthma.
- 4. Indications for intravenous immunoglobulins in children.
- 5. Juvenile rheumatoid arthritis.
- 6. Differences between cyanotic spell and breath holding spell.
- 7. Features of viper envenomation.
- 8. Causes of respiratory distress in new born.
- 9. Differences between physiological and pathological jaundice in new born.
- 10. Caput succedaneum.

Revised (Non-Semester) Regulations

## Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY O. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

#### **I. Essay Questions:**

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- 1. Define Preterm. Enumerate the causes of Preterm. What are the principles in the management of preterm baby?
- 2. Define Nephrotic syndrome.
  Write in detail laboratory diagnosis and management of minimal change nephrotic syndrome.

#### **II. Write Short notes on:**

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- 1. Infant mortality rate.
- 2. Steps for successful breast feeding.
- 3. Aetiology of neonatal sepsis.
- 4. Kangaroo care.
- 5. Hypothermia of new born.
- 6. Pneumococcal vaccine.
- 7. Treatment of acute bronchiolitis.
- 8. Management of congestive cardiac failure.
- 9. Oral Rehydration Solution (ORS).
- 10. Complication of measles.

#### **III. Short Answer Questions:**

- 1. Neonatal screening for hypothyroidism.
- 2. Principles of Phototherapy.
- 3. Vitamin 'A' Prophylaxis.
- 4. Treatment of Nutritional Rickets.
- 5. Umbilical cord care.
- 6. Peripheral blood picture in Thalassemia major.
- 7. Treatment of Streptococcal Pharyngitis.
- 8. Four common causes of fever with rash.
- 9. What are the four types of shock?
- 10. What are the two key signs of dehydration?

Revised (Non-Semester) Regulations

## Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY O. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

#### **I. Essay Questions:**

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- 1. Write an essay on etiology, complications and management of preterm baby.
- 2. 2 years old female child weighing 8.2 kgs brought to the Health centre with the complaints of vomiting and diarrhea. How will you approach the child. Write the management in detail.

#### **II. Write Short notes on:**

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- 1. Jaundice in New born
- 2. ICDS
- 3. Growth chart
- 4. Breast feeding advantages
- 5. Pneumonia
- 6. SAM
- 7. Rheumatic fever
- 8. Adverse events following Immunization
- 9. ORS
- 10. Antenatal Diagnosis

#### **III. Short Answer Questions**

 $(15 \times 2 = 30)$ 

- 1. Hypoglycemia.
- 2. LGA.
- 3. Caput.
- 4. Vit K in newborn.
- 5. Kangaroo care.
- 6. BFHI.
- 7. Newer vaccines.
- 8. Vitamin A.
- 9. Diagnosis of Leptospirosis.
- 10. Contraindication to Bag and Mask ventilation.
- 11. Definition of Nephrotic Syndrome.
- 12. Common organisms causing meningitis.
- 13. Types of VSD.
- 14. Etiology of Cirrhosis.
- 15. Use of Ivermectin.

Revised (Non-Semester) Regulations

## Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY O. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

#### I. Essay Questions:

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$ 

- 1. Define Cerebral Palsy. Discuss the etiopathogenesis, types, management and differential diagnosis of cerebral palsy.
- 2. What is diarrhea? Discuss the etiopathogenesis, complications, investigations and management of acute watery diarrhea with severe dehydration.

#### II. Write Short notes on:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- 1. Autistic disorder.
- 2. Differences between marasmus and kwashiorkor.
- 3. Phototherapy.
- 4. Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura.
- 5. Complications of Otitis media.
- 6. Acute respiratory tract infection control programme.
- 7. Anoxic spells.
- 8. Febrile convulsions.
- 9. Reflexes involved in breastfeeding.
- 10. Tuberculin skin test.

#### **III. Short Answer Questions**

 $(15 \times 2 = 30)$ 

- 1. ECG changes in hypokalemia.
- 2. Features of nutritional recovery syndrome.
- 3. Clinical features of zinc deficiency.
- 4. Reasons for poor chest raise during bag and mask ventilation.
- 5. Human Papilloma Virus vaccine.
- 6. Indirect markers of neonatal sepsis.
- 7. Name antiretroviral therapy drugs used in HIV positive pregnant women.
- 8. Vascular causes for bleeding.
- 9. In full term newborn babies the ossification centers present are .....
- 10. Amylase rich food.
- 11. Danger signs in young infant.
- 12. Steroid toxicity.
- 13. Important causes of Haematuria.
- 14. Vitamin A prophylaxis.
- 15. Causes of acquired hydrocephalus.

Revised (Non-Semester) Regulations

## Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY O. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 50 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

- 1. Define Normal Term Baby, preterm baby, LBW baby, IUGR baby. Describe in detail the care of preterm baby in hospital and at home.
- 2. Discuss the differential diagnosis for a child of 1yr age brought with H/o fever, unconsciousness convulsions to the hospital, how will you proceed with the management of ill child?

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 1.5 = 15)$ 

- 1. Newer vaccines.
- 2. Febrile convulsions.
- 3. Diagnosis of AL.
- 4. Treatment of infective Endocarditis.
- 5. Renal biopsy in nephrotic syndrome indications and contra indications.
- 6. Peripheral smear study in diagnosis of Haematological disorders.
- 7. Dengue Shock Syndrome.
- 8. ORS in AGE management.
- 9. Differential diagnosis of a 1yr old child with Acute Respiratory distress & management.
- 10. ARI Control Programme.

#### **III. Short Answer Questions**

 $(15 \times 1 = 15)$ 

- 1. Newer anti malarial drugs.
- 2. Management of Snake bite.
- 3. Reverse cold chain.
- 4. APGAR score.
- 5. BFHI.
- 6. Chronic Diarrhoea causes in children.
- 7. Prevention of HIV transmission in Paediatrics.
- 8. Adolescent problems.
- 9. Physiological jaundice in newborn.
- 10. Vit A. deficiency in children.
- 11. Falciparum Malaria complications.
- 12. Investigations in Dengue fever.
- 13. Scorpion sting.
- 14. Hypothermia in newborn prevention.
- 15. Hepatitis B vaccine schedule.

## Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY Q. P. Code: 524087

Time: 180 Minutes	2. 1. 00 01	Maximum: 40 Marks		
I. Elaborate on:	Answer <b>ALL</b> questions in the same order.			Marks (Max.)
1. Enumerate the causes of respiratory distress in newborn in the first 24 hrs of life. Discuss the diagnosis, management and complications of meconium aspiration syndrome.		16	25	5
2. Describe the etiopathogenesis, clinical features, complications and management of bacterial meningitis.		16	25	5
II. Write notes on:				
1. Nutritional rickets.		3	8	1.5
2. Pseudotumour cerebri.		3	8	1.5
3. Childhood obesity.		3	8	1.5
4. Staphylococcal pneumonia.		3	8	1.5
5. Hemorrhagic disease of newborn.		3	8	1.5
6. Management of cardiac failure.		3	8	1.5
7. Gastroesophageal reflux.		3	8	1.5
8. Live attenuated vaccines.		3	8	1.5
9. Proportionate short stature.		3	8	1.5
10. Sickle cell crisis.		3	8	1.5
III. Short Answers on	:			
1. Management of acute diarrhea.		1	5	1
2. Principles of phototherapy.		1	5	1
3. Interferon gamma release assay.		1	5	1
4. Bone age.		1	5	1
5. Common causes of childhood hypertension.		1	5	1
6. Diet chart for one year old child.		1	5	1
7. Physiological anemia of infancy.		1	5	1
8. Diagnosis and treatment of hyperkalemia.		1	5	1
9. Cryptorchidism.		1	5	1
10. Oral candidiasis.		1	5	1
11. Early indicators of cerebral palsy.		1	5	1
12. Vaccines in adolescent period.		1	5	1
13. Clinical features of chronic liver disease.		1	5	1
14. Chemotherapy in acute lymphoblastic leukemia		1	5	1
15. Cephalhematoma.		1	5	1

#### Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY

Q. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- 1. Describe the etiopathogenesis, Clinical Features, Investigation, Treatment and Prevention of Rheumatic fever
- 2. Classify Malnutrition, Describe the Clinical Features, Management and Follow up of Malnutrition

#### II. Write Short notes on:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- 1. Growth Charts
- 2. Meconium aspiration Syndrome
- 3. Vitamin A Deficiency
- 4. Reflexes Associated with breast feeding
- 5. Typhoid Vaccine
- 6. Complications of Measles
- 7. Hepatitis B infection
- 8. Gastrointestinal Causes of Abdominal pain in children
- 9. Integrated Child Development services Programme
- 10. Exanthematous fever

#### III. Short Answer on:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

- 1. Quantitative buffy coat
- 2. Common Causes of Wheezing in Children
- 3. Clinical Features of Empyema thoracis
- 4. Diagnosis of urinary tract infection
- 5. Symptoms and signs of Diabetic Ketoacidosis
- 6. Stages of tuberculous meningitis
- 7. Types of Shock
- 8. Classification of Acute lymphoblastic Leukemia
- 9. Exercise induced Asthma
- 10. Diagnosis of iron Deficiency anemia

#### Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY

Q. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 40 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 7.5 = 15)$ 

- 1. What is Primary complex? Discuss its manifestations. How will you investigate and manage a child with Primary complex?
- 2. Discuss the Differential Diagnosis of an infant with a large head. Outline symptoms and signs of hydrocephalus in infancy and children.

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 1.5 = 15)$ 

- 1. Causes of convulsions in newborn period.
- 2. Advantages of breast feeding.
- 3. Breath holding spells.
- 4. Management of ITP.
- 5. Respiratory distress syndrome in newborn.
- 6. Acute lymphatic leukemia.
- 7. Congenital hypothyroidism.
- 8. Management of Acute renal failure.
- 9. Diagnosis of tuberculous meningitis.
- 10. Pediatric HIV infection.

#### III. Short Answers on:

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

- 1. Complications of Measles.
- 2. Innocent systolic murmurs.
- 3. RCH.
- 4. Hepatitis B vaccine.
- 5. Bangle test.
- 6. Galactosemia.
- 7. Digoxin toxicity
- 8. Oral rehydration solution.
- 9. Peripheral smear in iron deficiency anemia.
- 10. Management of acute severe asthma.

#### Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY

Q. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 40 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 7.5 = 15)$ 

- 1. Describe the clinical features, diagnosis, management and complications of Acute Bacterial Meningitis in Children.
- 2. Define Fulminant Hepatic Failure.

  Describe its clinical presentation, complications and management.

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 1.5 = 15)$ 

- 1. Developmental Screening scales
- 2. HPV vaccine
- 3. Management of Thalassemia
- 4. Extra hepatic portal hypertension
- 5. Post Streptococcal Glomerulonephritis
- 6. Causes of Splenomegaly
- 7. Hydrocephalus
- 8. Genetics of Down syndrome
- 9. Reverse cold chain
- 10. Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy

#### III. Short Answers on:

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

- 1. Acellular Pertussis vaccine
- 2. ADHD
- 3. GE Reflux in children
- 4. Management of Status Epilepticus
- 5. Importance of Bone marrow examination
- 6. DMSA Scan 7. Treatment of Wilson's disease
- 8. CSF findings in TB meningitis
- 9. Complications of Nephrotic syndrome
- 10. Congenital Rubella Syndrome

Revised (Non-Semester) Regulations

## Paper VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY O. P. Code: 524087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions.

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 7.5 = 15)$ 

- 1. Define prematurity. Discuss the complications of prematurity. How will you manage hyaline membrane disease?
- 2. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, diagnosis, complications and management of childhood nephrotic syndrome.

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 1.5 = 15)$ 

- 1. Infant of diabetic mother
- 2. Nocturnal enuresis
- 3. Vitamin D resistant rickets
- 4. Age independent anthropometric measurements
- 5. Prevention of mother to child transmission in HIV
- 6. Live Vaccines
- 7. Therapeutic hypothermia
- 8. Management of constipation in children
- 9. Emerging viruses
- 10. Neonatal screening

#### III. Short Answers on: $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

- 1. Leukotriene modifiers
- 2. Vesico ureteric reflux
- 3. Neuro imaging
- 4. Infant mortality rate
- 5. Uses of intravenous immunoglobulin in Paediatrics
- 6. Management of hyperkalemia
- 7. Sepsis screening in new born
- 8. X-linked inheritance
- 9. ICDS
- 10. Microcyctic hypochromic anemia

## THIRD YEAR M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION PART II PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY

O.P. Code: 524087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 40 Marks

#### **Answer All Questions**

I. Elaborate on:  $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

1. Discuss the Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations and management of Acute Rheumatic fever in children and also mention complications and the prevention of Acute Rheumatic fever.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Prevention and management of Respiratory Distress Syndrome in newborn.
- 2. Management of cyanotic spell.
- 3. Complications and management of acute glomerulonephritis.
- 4. Photo therapy in new born.
- 5. Antenatal diagnosis of Down's syndrome.

#### III. Short answers on:

- 1. Hypo-osmolar ORS
- 2. Diagnosis of thalassemia
- 3. Varicella vaccine
- 4. Management of nutritional rickets
- 5. Viral markers for hepatitis B

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 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

#### PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 524087

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 40 marks

**Answer ALL questions** 

I. Elaborate:  $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

1. How will you identify and evaluate a child with severe Acute malnutrition. How will you manage? Discuss the complications and prevention.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Behavioural disorders in children.
- 2. Define Apnea in Newborn its causes and management.
- 3. Chronic diarrhea evaluation and management.
- 4. Diagnosis and management of Enteric fever.
- 5. Hypocalcemia clinical features and management in neonates and children.

#### III. Short answers on: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Prevention of Mother to Child transmission of HBV in HbsAg positive mothers.
- 2. Role of Zinc in children.
- 3. Role of Dietary fibers in nutrition.
- 4. Anti rabies vaccine.
- 5. Medical fetal therapy for Lung maturity.

#### THIRD YEAR M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION

#### PART - II

#### PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 524087

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 40 Marks

**Answer ALL questions** 

I. Elaborate on:  $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

1. Write in detail about epidemiology, etiology, recent WHO classification, clinical features and management of Dengue fever.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Management of Malaria in children.
- 2. Wilms Tumor.
- 3. Age independent indices to diagnose under nutrition in children.
- 4. Kangaroo Mother Care.
- 5. Inhalational devices used in management of Asthma.

#### III. Short answers on: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Vitamin 'A' Prophylaxis.
- 2. Causes of preventable mental retardation.
- 3. Peripheral smear in iron deficiency Anemia.
- 4. Differences between cyanotic spell and breath holding spell.
- 5. Four common causes of persistent Diarrhea.

## THIRD YEAR M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION PART II PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 524087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 40 Marks

#### **Answer All Questions**

I. Elaborate on:  $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

1. Discuss in detail about childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia – FAB classification, clinical features, management and prognosis.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Congenital diaphragmatic hernia.
- 2. Hydrocephalus.
- 3. Hypothermia in newborn.
- 4. Prevention of childhood obesity.
- 5. Complications of acute glomerulonephritis in children.

#### III. Short answers on: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Management of snake bite.
- 2. Hepatitis A vaccine.
- 3. Principles of phototherapy.
- 4. Common causes of childhood hypertension.
- 5. Innocent systolic murmurs.

## THIRD YEAR M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION PART II PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS (INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY)

Q.P. Code: 525087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 40 Marks

#### **Answer All Questions**

I. Elaborate on:  $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

1. Discuss etiology, clinical features and management of pneumonia in children.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Newborn resuscitation algorithm.
- 2. Posterior urethral valve.
- 3. Febrile convulsion.
- 4. Bone marrow aspiration.
- 5. Scorpion sting.

#### III. Short answers on: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Weight gaining pattern of newborn baby.
- 2. Anterior fontanelle.
- 3. Pulse and blood pressure in coarctation of aorta.
- 4. What does ABCDE stand for in assessing a sick child?
- 5. Management of severe dehydration in a 6 months old child.

# M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION THIRD YEAR PART II

#### PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS (INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY)

Q.P. Code: 525087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 40 Marks

#### **Answer All Questions**

I. Elaborate on:  $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

1. Discuss in detail about clinical features, laboratory findings, complications and management of Nephrotic syndrome in children.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Developmental mile stones in one year old child.
- 2. Cyanosis.
- 3. Laboratory diagnosis of enteric fever.
- 4. Portal hypertension in children.
- 5. Infantile hypertrophic pyloric stenosis.

#### III. Short answers on: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. X-ray findings in Rickets.
- 2. Nutrition recovery syndrome.
- 3. Physiological jaundice.
- 4. Oral polio vaccine.
- 5. Acute respiratory tract infection control programme.

#### **FEBRUARY 2018**

**Sub Code: 5087** 

# M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION THIRD YEAR PART II

#### PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS (INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY)

Q.P. Code: 525087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 40 Marks

#### **Answer All Questions**

I. Elaborate on:  $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

1. Define acute rheumatic fever. Discuss in detail about aetiology, clinical features, investigations, complications and management of acute rheumatic fever.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Breath holding spells.
- 2. Severe acute malnutrition.
- 3. Influenza vaccine.
- 4. Wilson disease.
- 5. Persistent pulmonary hypertension.

#### III. Short answers on: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Management of scorpion sting.
- 2. Hyperoxia test.
- 3. Clinical features of DKA.
- 4. Intense phototherapy.
- 5. Types of tracheoesophageal fistula.

# M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION THIRD YEAR PART II

#### PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS (INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY)

Q.P. Code: 525087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 40 Marks

#### **Answer All Questions**

I. Elaborate on:  $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

1. Classify dengue based on clinical presentation. Discuss in detail about aetiology, transmission, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations and management of dengue hemorrhagic fever.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Accidental kerosene ingestion and management.
- 2. Care of low birth weight neonates.
- 3. Neurocutaneous markers.
- 4. Infective endocarditis prophylaxis and management.
- 5. Cold chain.

#### III. Short answers on: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Pneumococcal vaccine.
- 2. Treatment of Vitamin A deficiency.
- 3. Zika virus.
- 4. Necrotising enterocolitis.
- 5. Two examples of X-linked recessive disorders.

#### **FEBRUARY 2019**

**Sub. Code: 5087** 

# M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION THIRD YEAR PART II

#### PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS (INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY)

Q.P. Code: 525087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 40 Marks

#### **Answer All Questions**

I. Elaborate on: (2 + 4 + 4 = 10)

1. 10 month old male child – growth plotted on the WHO growth chart shows less than 3<sup>rd</sup> percentile. How will you classify and manage this child? What are the common complications expected?

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Recurrent pneumonia.
- 2. Hemorrhagic disease of newborn.
- 3. Cyanotic spell.
- 4. Adolescent health program in India.
- 5. Pentavalent vaccine.

#### III. Short answers on: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Amoebiasis treatment.
- 2. Hypervitaminosis A.
- 3. Genetic counseling.
- 4. Hospital acquired infections.
- 5. Early markers of cerebral palsy.

# M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION THIRD YEAR PART II

#### PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS (INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY)

Q.P. Code: 525087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 40 Marks

#### **Answer All Questions**

I. Elaborate on: (2+3+5=10)

1. Discuss about the classification of hemolytic anemias and their aetiopathogenesis. Discuss in detail about beta thalassemias.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Pica.
- 2. Erb's palsy.
- 3. Status epilepticus.
- 4. Leptospirosis.
- 5. Classify bronchial asthma in children.

#### III. Short answers on: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Name any two drugs for treating apnoea of prematurity.
- 2. Any four causes of microcephaly.
- 3. Cold chain.
- 4. Important investigations in dengue fever.
- 5. ABO incompatibility.

## M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION THIRD YEAR PART II

#### PAPER VII – PAEDIATRICS (INCLUDING NEONATOLOGY)

Q.P. Code: 525087

Time: Three hours Maximum: 40 Marks

#### **Answer All Questions**

I. Elaborate on: (2+2+3+3=10)

1. 5 year old child admitted with history of fever for 2 days with altered sensorium and seizures several episodes without regaining consciousness for more than 30 minutes. On examination child had temp 102 F, with neck rigidity. Discuss the clinical conditions, diagnosis, investigations and treatment for the above mentioned scenario.

II. Write notes on:  $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 1. Antenatal screening and clinical features of Down's syndrome.
- 2. Feeding difficulties in newborn.
- 3. Status asthmaticus.
- 4. Infant of diabetic mother.
- 5. Obstructive jaundice.

#### III. Short answers on:

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

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- 1. Management of falciparum malaria.
- 2. Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.
- 3. Hypervitaminosis A.
- 4. Rota virus vaccine.
- 5. Antenatal steroid for preterm delivery.